20×1

Post Graduate Diploma in Guidance & Counselling 2nd Semester Examination- 2014 – 15 DEVELOPMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY FOR COUNSELLING Fifth Paper (PGDGC 105)

ASSIGNMENT

(To be submitted by 7th June, 2015)

Weightage of marks: 20% Full Marks - 100 The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own languages as far as practicable. 1. Answer *any ten* questions from the following: 2×10 (a) What is flooding? (b) What is defence mechanism? (c) What is behaviour therapy? (d) How would you define Indian perspective of dream? (e) What are the differences between projection and introjection? What is systematic desensitization? (g) Describe the stages of cognitive development. **(f)** Describe two functions of ACTH. (i) Which type of therapy has similarity with Vedanta? **(h)** Describe two side effects of ECT. **(j)** (k) Describe any two outcomes of Yogic Prescriptions in maintaining daily life activities serene and healthy. (1) Who are the Neo-Freudian psychologists? Name at least two of them. 2. Answer *any six* questions from the following: 10×6 What do you mean by behaviour modification? Describe any techniques for behaviour (a) modification with suitable examples. Briefly describe the structural concept of mind including nature of id, ego, and super ego, (b) conscious, subconscious and unconscious. 10 Describe the Humanistic view of personality. 10 (c) What do you mean by development? In this connection discuss the problems of (d) adolescence. 3+7Give a brief statement of Erik Erikson's theory of personality. (e) (f) Give an account of the scope of Indian Psychology. In this connection delineate the contribution of Jadunath Sinha & Girindrasekhar Bose to Indian Psychology in contemporary India. 6+2+2Describe cognitive therapy with its application in modern days. (g) 4+6 What is moral development? Describe stages of moral development according to Kohlberg. (h) 2+8Describe any one of the followings: 10 (i) (a) Coma (b) Electroconvulsive Therapy (c) Neurosurgery

Construct a framework on problems and remedies on adult client due to prolonged

(b) Describe in details the cognitive behavior therapy.

Answer *any one* question from the following:

3.

(a)

unemployment.

Post Graduate Diploma in Guidance & Counselling 2^{nd} Semester Examination -2014-15

ABNORMAL & BIO-PSYCHOLOGY Sixth Paper (PGDGC 106)

ASSIGNMENT

(To be submitted by 7th June, 2015)

Full Marks - 100 Weightage of marks: 20%

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own languages as far as practicable.

Answer any ten questions from the following: 2×10
(a) What is CNS?
(b) What is DSM-IV-TR?
(c) Define psychopath?
(d) What do you mean by delinquency?

(f) Mention two salient features of Alzheimer's patient.(g) What is epilepsy?

(e)

- (h) Define neurobiology?
- (i) What do you mean by emotion?
- (j) What do you mean by eating disorder?
- (k) What do you mean by abnormal behaviour?
- (l) What is paranoid personality disorder?
- 2. Answer *any six* questions from the following:

10×6

- (a) Describe the biological model of abnormal behaviour.
- (b) Discuss the psychological casual factors of abnormal behaviour.

Mention two salient features of personality disorder?

- (c) What is stress? Discuss the causes of stress and the coping mechanism of stress.
- (d) Describe the symptoms & treatments of Bipolar disorder.
- (e) Enumerate the anatomical structure of Nervous system of human with suitable diagram(s).
- (f) What is ASPD? Delineate the characteristics & treatment of ASPD.
- (g) Portray the characteristics, causes and treatment of personality disorder.
- (h) What is called as suicide? Describe the psychological dimension and sociological dimension of suicidal phenomenon.
- (i) Discuss the historical perspective of abnormal behaviour.
- 3. Answer *any one* question from the following: 20×1
- (a) Illustrate in detail the multi-axial classification system of Abnormal Behaviour according to DSM-IV and its significance.
- (b) Discuss the symptoms, causes, diagnosis and treatment of Dementia patient.

2 × 10

Post Graduate Diploma in Guidance & Counselling 2nd Semester Examination - 2014 – 15

COUNSELLING IN PRACTICE Seventh Paper (PGDGC 107)

ASSIGNMENT

(To be submitted by 7th June, 2015)

Full Marks - 100 Weightage of marks: 20%

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own languages as far as practicable.

1.	Answer <i>any ten</i> questions from the following:	2×10
(a)	What is 'Autism'?	
(b)	Who are called gifted children?	
(c)	What is meant by learning disability?	
(d)	What is CBT?	
(e)	What is 'Seizure'?	
(f)	Mention any two causes of cardiac impairment.	
(g)	Mention any two problems of Autism Spectrum Disorder.	
(h)	Who are hearing impaired children?	
(i)	What is meant by cerebral palsy?	
(j)	Define 'AIDS'.	
(k)	What is family therapy?	
(1)	Define Counselling.	
2.	Answer <i>any six</i> questions from the following:	10×6
(a)	Discuss the characteristics of traumatized child and the counselling process to man problems.	nage their 10
(b)	How would you manage depression of patient as a counsellor?	10
(c)	Why should a counsellor consult with teachers, parents and school administrator?	10
(d)	How will a counsellor assess a child of infantile autism? What steps will a counse	ellor take
` /	to advise the parents?	5+5
(e)	Discuss the problems faced by the gifted children in school and counselling progifted children.	ocess for 10
(f)	Discuss the steps of rehabilitation process of hairing loss patients.	10
(g)	Discuss the causes of Epilepsy and the strategies of its management.	10
(h)	Write short notes on	10
	(i) Case history method	
	(ii) Educational counselling	5+5
(i)	Describe the process of managing bipolar disorder.	10
3.	Answer any one question from the following:	20×1
(a)	What do you mean by family therapy? What types of problems can be treated with of family therapy. Discuss different types of family therapy.	the help 4+6+10
(b)	Define visual impairment. Give a detail account for educating a visually impaired rehabilitation purpose.	child for 4+16